IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 384

BY JUDICIARY, RULES AND ADMINISTRATION COMMITTEE

1	AN ACT
2	RELATING TO THE IDAHO WRONGFUL CONVICTION ACT; AMENDING TITLE 6, IDAHO CODE,
3	BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW CHAPTER 33, TITLE 6, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE
4	A SHORT TITLE, TO PROVIDE FOR A CLAIM OF COMPENSATION FOR A WRONGFUL
5	CONVICTION, TO PROVIDE CERTAIN PROCEDURES AND CRITERIA FOR A CLAIM,
6	TO PROVIDE FOR AN APPEAL, TO PROVIDE CERTAIN IMMUNITY, TO PROVIDE FOR
7	CERTAIN COMPENSATION AND DAMAGES, TO PROVIDE CERTAIN RESTRICTIONS ON
8	DAMAGES, TO PROVIDE THAT CERTAIN DAMAGES SHALL BE TAX-EXEMPT, TO PRO-
9	VIDE FOR A CERTIFICATE OF INNOCENCE AND EXPUNGEMENT OF CERTAIN RECORDS,
10	AND TO PROVIDE FOR THE CREATION OF THE INNOCENCE FUND.
11	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:
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12	SECTION 1. That Title 6, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended
13	by the addition thereto of a NEW CHAPTER, to be known and designated as Chap-
14	ter 33, Title 6, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
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15 16	CHAPTER 33 IDAHO WRONGFUL CONVICTION ACT
16	IDARO WRONGFUL CONVICTION ACT
17	6-3301. SHORT TITLE. This chapter shall be known and may be cited as
18	the "Idaho Wrongful Conviction Act."
19	6-3302. CLAIM OF COMPENSATION FOR WRONGFUL CONVICTION. (1) As used in
20	this chapter, "claimant" means a person convicted and subsequently impris-
21	oned for one (1) or more crimes that such person did not commit.
22	(2) A claimant who is not ineligible under subsection (3) of this sec-
23	tion may bring a civil action for his wrongful conviction against this state
24 25	in a district court seeking damages or other relief provided by section 6-3303, Idaho Code. The claimant shall prevail if he shows by a preponder-
25 26	ance of evidence the following requirements:
∠6 27	(a) The claimant was convicted of a felony in this state and subse-
21 28	quently imprisoned;
20 29	(b) The claimant did not commit the crime for which he was convicted,
29 30	and the claimant:
31	(i) Was not an accessory or accomplice to the acts that were the
32	basis of the conviction;
33	(ii) Did not commit the acts that were the basis of the conviction;
34	and
25	(iii) Did not aid, abet, or act as an accomplice or accessory to a
35	(III) DIG NOT ALG, ADEC, OF ACT AS AN ACCOMPTICE OF ACCESSORY TO A

in the offense charged;

person who committed the acts that were the basis of the convic-

(c) The claimant was not convicted of an offense necessarily included

(d) The following occurred:

tion;

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- (i) The claimant's conviction was reversed or vacated, and either the claimant was not retried and the charges were dismissed, or the claimant was retried and was found not quilty; or
- (ii) The claimant was pardoned by the commission of pardons and parole on the grounds that the claimant was innocent; and
- (iii) The basis for reversing or vacating the conviction was not legal error that was unrelated to his innocence; and
- (e) The claimant did not commit or suborn perjury, fabricate evidence, or by the claimant's own conduct cause or bring about the conviction. Neither a confession nor admission later found to be false, or a guilty plea, shall constitute committing or suborning perjury, fabricating evidence, or causing or bringing about the conviction under this subsection.
- (3) A court shall not award, and a claimant shall not receive, compensation for any period of imprisonment during which the claimant was concurrently serving a sentence for a conviction of another offense for which the claimant was lawfully convicted and imprisoned.
- (4) The court, in exercising its discretion as permitted by law regarding the weight and admissibility of evidence submitted pursuant to this section, may, in the interest of justice, give due consideration to difficulties of proof caused by the passage of time, the death or unavailability of witnesses, the destruction of evidence, or other factors not caused by such persons or those acting on their behalf.
 - (5) (a) The suit, accompanied by a statement of the facts concerning the claim for damages, verified in the manner provided for the verification of complaints in the rules of civil procedure, shall be brought within a period of two (2) years after:
 - (i) The conviction was reversed or vacated and the charges were dismissed;
 - (ii) The claimant was retried and found not guilty; or
 - (iii) The claimant was pardoned on the grounds he was innocent.
 - (b) A claimant convicted, imprisoned, and released from custody before July 1, 2020, must commence an action under this section no later than July 1, 2022.
- (6) All pleadings submitted pursuant to this section shall be captioned, "In the matter of the wrongful conviction of ."
- (7) Any claim filed pursuant to this section shall be served on the attorney general in accordance with the rules of civil procedure.
- (8) The claimant is entitled to a jury trial upon demand. If a jury trial is not demanded, it may be tried by the court.
- (9) A claimant shall be entitled to a hearing in district court no later than one hundred twenty (120) days after the filing of a claim.
- (10) For any person who was sentenced to capital punishment and was subsequently wrongfully executed, a claim may be filed pursuant to this section by the person who is most closely related by blood, adoption, marriage, or domestic partnership within the first degree of consanguinity or affinity, or by a grandchild.
- (11) The decision of the district court made pursuant to subsection (2) of this section may be appealed directly to the Idaho supreme court pursuant to the rules of civil procedure.

(12) All provisions of existing law relating to the absolute or qualified immunity of any judicial officer, prosecutor, or law enforcement officer, including all applicable provisions of federal and state law, shall apply to an action brought pursuant to the provisions of this section.

6-3303. COMPENSATION. (1) In an action brought pursuant to section 6-3302, Idaho Code, damages awarded shall be:

- (a) (i) Sixty thousand dollars (\$60,000) for each year of imprisonment; or
- (ii) Seventy-five thousand dollars (\$75,000) for each year of imprisonment if the claimant was imprisoned on death row; and
- (b) No less than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) for each year the person was on parole or no less than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) for each year the person was required to register as a sex offender, whichever period of time was greater.
- (2) Any award of damages pursuant to subsection (1) of this section must be submitted to the board of examiners for review. The board of examiners shall submit the award to the state controller for payment to the claimant from the innocence fund created pursuant to section 6-3305, Idaho Code. Damages shall be paid as a combination of an initial payment not to exceed one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) or twenty-five percent (25%) of the award, whichever is greater, and the remainder as an annuity not to exceed eighty-five thousand dollars (\$85,000) per year. The claimant shall designate a beneficiary or beneficiaries for the annuity by filing such designation with the court. The court may order that the award be paid in one lump sum if the court finds that it is in the best interests of the claimant.
- (3) In addition to the damages awarded pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, the claimant:
 - (a) Shall be entitled to receive reasonable attorney's fees and costs incurred in the action brought pursuant to this chapter not to exceed a total of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000), unless a greater reasonable total is authorized by the court upon a finding of good cause shown; and
 - (b) May also be awarded other nonmonetary relief as sought in the complaint, including but not limited to health insurance, reimbursement of out-of-pocket medical expenses, mental health counseling, tuition assistance, housing assistance, job assistance, and personal financial literacy assistance, as appropriate;
- (4) If a claimant has in a separate civil action related to the wrongful conviction won a monetary judgement against, or entered into a settlement agreement with, the state or any political subdivision, the amount of any such award or settlement collected by the claimant, less attorney's fees and litigation costs, shall be deducted from the sum of money to which the claimant is entitled to under this section. If a claimant first receives compensation under this section and then in a separate civil action wins a monetary judgement against, or enters into a settlement agreement with, the state or any political subdivision related to the wrongful conviction, the claimant shall reimburse the state. The reimbursement shall be for the sum of the monetary payment awarded under this section, less attorney's fees and

litigation costs, up to the amount of the award or settlement in the civil action.

- (5) Any damages awarded pursuant to subsection (1) of this section shall be tax-exempt in the state of Idaho.
- 6-3304. CERTIFICATE OF INNOCENCE -- EXPUNGEMENT. (1) If the court finds that the claimant is entitled to a judgment pursuant to section 6-3302, Idaho Code, it shall enter a certificate of innocence finding that the claimant was innocent of all crimes for which the claimant was mistakenly convicted.
- (2) Upon entry of the certificate of innocence, the court shall order the associated convictions and arrest records expunged and purged from all applicable state and federal systems in accordance with court rules. The Idaho supreme court shall promulgate rules to direct how such records will be expunged.
- 6-3305. INNOCENCE FUND CREATED. There is hereby created in the state treasury the innocence fund. The fund shall consist of moneys that may be provided by legislative appropriation and any reimbursements made to the state by claimants. The state treasurer shall invest the idle moneys of the fund, and the interest earned on such investments shall be retained by the fund. Moneys in the fund are continuously appropriated to be used solely for carrying out the provisions of this chapter.